

Nov. 1, 1562

### Massacre of Vassy

On Nov. 1, 1562, the duke and Cardinal of Guise, passing through Vassy in Champagne (France) came upon a number of Huguenots assembled for service in a barn. In a preliminary altercation, the duke was struck by a stone whereupon his troops fell upon the unarmed congregation and killed 23 and wounded more than 100.

1562

France  
Religious liberty is granted  
to the Huguenots.  
HUGUENOT wars.

1562

1912 Dates J-BK

(1515-1582) Saint THERESA

A Spanish Carmelite nun.  
Eminent for learning and piety.  
Founder of a reformed society  
of barefooted members of that order.

Canonized by Pope Gregory X V  
Doctor of the Church. In 1562 she founded  
at AVILA the first of many Discalced  
Carmelites. An excellent and tireless  
manager she was endowed with

great personal charm, tact, and  
boundless good nature

1562-63

Frist Huguenot War between  
Protestants (Huguenots) and  
Catholics in France.

Q1562

Duncan:Cal

Clavius returned to Rome in early 1560s to finish his education and then to teach at the Jesuits' own College Romano, where he became a professor of Mathematics.

He was noted mostly for his work on Euclid, algebraic notation, and the Calendar - and for his

his staunch defense of an earth-centered universe.

He updated his own theories with Copernican data & Galileo's observations.

1562  
1545-1562

1912 Dates J-BK

## Council of Trent

Under ordinary conditions the parties could easily have been harmonized. But the knowledge of ancient and patristic literature which the humanistic movement in education in Germany had fostered and encouraged, added to the spirit of criticism and the forming of positive judgements, so that the



the the incompatibility of the widely  
divergent views brought about  
an open rupture.

1562-1598

1912 Dates J-BK

FRENCH CIVIL WAR (OR)

Wars of Religion (or) Wars of HUGUENOTS

Catholics defeated the Huguenots

Cause: Massacre of Huguenots at VASSY

was a signal for the uprising

Battles of : Orleans; Edict of Ambrosio;

Peace of St. Germain-en-Laye; siege

of Roen (won by Huguenots); IVRY.

Battle of: Massacre of Huguenots; DREUX;

JARNAC; MONCONTOUR; MASSACRE

of St. Bartholomew (1572); Siege of Paris.  
(won by Catholics)

Leaders: Huguenots: Condé; Coligny; —  
Henry of Navarre (afterwards Henry IV)

Leaders: Catholics: Duke of Guise; Henry III  
Duke of Anjou; Duke of Parma (Spain);

MAYENNE.

The hostilities ended in 1593 by the  
abjuration of Protestantism by Henry IV, but  
it was followed by the Edict of Nantes  
which granted civil liberty and greater  
religious freedom to Protestants.

Oct 1562

1912 Dates J-BK

Rouen was taken by duke  
of Guise from the Huguenots  
Oct 1562 and 1591

1562-1598

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FRENCH Civil Wars

Edict of Nantes. Protestant toleration

BATTLES: DREUX; ST. DENIS; JARNAC; MONCANTOOR;  
IVRY

LEADERS: Duke of ANJOU; HENRY III; HENRY IV;  
Prince de CONDÉ

Dec. 19, 1562

## DREUX

The Huguenots, led by the Prince de CONDE were defeated by the Catholics under MONTMORENCY, in a battle at DREUX, a town in northwestern part of France, during the 1st civil war in France. The Huguenots were at first successful, but, carrying the pursuit too far, were attacked and overcome by the Catholics.

1562

1912 Dates J-BK

Peaches were brought from  
Persia to England.

May 1, 1562

A ship from France emerged  
from the ocean mist off the Florida  
coast near St Johns River.

She was commanded by a  
Protestant Jean RIBAUT

Spain & France warred  
over North America.

He built a wooden fortification  
named CHARLESFORT, left a garrison



of 30 men and sailed for home.  
They found their home port of  
Duyve under siege by a Catholic  
army. When Duyve fell, Rebault  
fled to England.

Queen Elizabeth tried to get him  
to go back for England. He fled, was  
arrested and was thrown into the  
Tower of London.

1562-1598

1912 Dates J-BK

France

Wars of the HUGUENOTS

1562

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TUSSER'S "FIVE HUNDRED POINTS  
OF HUSBANDRY"